In This Issue of JAMA

February 19, 2019

Volume 321, Number 7 Pages 621-716

Research

CARING FOR THE CRITICALLY ILL PATIENT

Resuscitation Strategies for Patients With Septic Shock

654

Shock is characterized by increased serum lactate and tissue hypoperfusion. Hernández and colleagues randomized 424 patients with septic shock and found that a resuscitation strategy targeting normalization of capillary refill time, compared with a strategy targeting serum lactate levels, did not reduce all-cause 28-day mortality. In an Editorial, Angus suggests that these resuscitation strategies are straightforward, inexpensive, and complementary.

- Editorial 647
- Visual Abstract jama.com

CARING FOR THE CRITICALLY ILL PATIENT

A Psychological Intervention for Critically III Patients

665

Patients with memories of frightening intensive care unit experiences are at risk for longer-term psychological morbidity. Wade and colleagues for the POPPI Trial Investigators randomized 1458 critically ill patients and found that a nurse-led psychological intervention did not reduce the severity of posttraumatic stress. In an Editorial, Kross and colleagues suggest that lessons from this trial could be used to develop other interventions for survivors and their families.

- Editorial 649
- CME jamanetwork.com/learning Visual Abstract jama.com

Inappropriate Prescribing of Transmucosal Fentanyl

Transmucosal immediate-release fentanyls (TIRFs), indicated solely for breakthrough cancer pain in opioid-tolerant patients, are subject to a US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy to prevent them from being inappropriately prescribed. Rollman and colleagues reviewed 4877 pages of FDA documents and found that most surveyed pharmacists, prescribers, and patients understood that TIRFs are contraindicated in nonopioid-tolerant patients, yet analyses of claims data indicated substantial rates of inappropriate TIRF use. In an Editorial, Sarpatwari and Curfman propose 3 reforms that would improve the design of the REMS program, make FDA documents publicly available, and enhance FDA enforcement.

- Editorial 651
- CME jamanetwork.com/learning

Humanities

The Arts and Medicine

630 Whipped Cream—Viennese Ballet and Pop Surrealism Meet Dark Medicine JF Wang, NA Soter, and SA Morrison

Poetry and Medicine

711 Beyond Reason

JAMA Revisited

712 Weather and Disease

Opinion

Viewpoint

639 Should Physicians Recommend Replacing Opioids With Cannabis? K Humphreys and R Saitz

641 Can Maintenance of Certification Pass the Test? SE Weinberger

643 Opioid Prescribing Limits for Acute Pain: Potential Problems With Design and Implementation K-P Chua, CM Brummett, and JF Waljee

A Piece of My Mind

645 Promoting Sensible Parenting Policies: Leading by Example R Diamond

Editorial

647 How Best to Resuscitate Patients With Septic Shock? DC Angus

649 Addressing the Psychological Symptoms of Critical Illness: The Importance of "Negative" Trials in Guiding Next Steps EK Kross, KI Pollak, and JR Curtis

651 Mitigating Health Risks of Prescription Drugs: Lessons From FDA Oversight of Opioid Products A Sarpatwari and G Curfman

LETTERS

Research Letter

704 Use of Active Surveillance or Watchful Waiting for Low-Risk Prostate Cancer and Management Trends Across Risk Groups in the United States, 2010-2015 BA Mahal and Coauthors

Comment & Response

706 Long-term Follow-up of Antibiotics vs Surgery for Appendicitis

708 Gestational Diabetes and Childhood Obesity

709 Correction

Editor in Chief Howard Bauchner, MD 135 YEARS
OF CONTINUOUS
PUBLICATION



In This Issue of JAMA

February 19, 2019 Volume 321, Number 7 Pages 621-716

Research (continued)

CARING FOR THE CRITICALLY ILL PATIENT

Analgesics, Sedatives, and Postoperative Delirium

Risk factors for postoperative delirium include pain as well as the use of opioids and sedatives. Subramaniam and colleagues randomized 121 patients undergoing cardiac surgery and found that postoperative acetaminophen, combined with propofol or dex-

■ Summary Video jama.com CME jamanetwork.com/learning

Clinical Review & Education

Investigating the Mechanism of an Effective Intervention

medetomidine, reduced in-hospital delirium compared with placebo.

In this JAMA Guide to Statistics and Methods, Lee and colleagues discuss the use of mediation analysis to determine how an intervention may have achieved its intended outcome.

A Man With Blurry Vision and a Black Ink Tattoo

This JAMA Clinical Challenge by Piggott and Rao presents a 26-year-old man with recurrent inflammation of tattooed skin and inflammatory cells in the anterior chamber of one eye. What would you do next?

A 5-Year-Old Girl With Constipation and Poor Weight Gain

This JAMA Diagnostic Test Interpretation article by McCarthy and colleagues presents a 5-year-old girl with chronic constipation, poor weight gain, and indeterminate sweat chloride tests for cystic fibrosis. What would you do next?

JAMA Patient Page

716 Surgical Decision Making for Older Adults

NEWS & ANALYSIS

697

Medical News & Perspectives

633 Are Probiotics Money Down the Toilet? Or Worse?

635 The JAMA Forum

Medical Scribes, Productivity, and Satisfaction

637 Global Health

Yemen's Deadly Cholera Epidemic

Hydroxyurea Safe and Effective for Sickle Cell Anemia

Multidrug Ebola Trial Underway in Democratic Republic of Congo

638 News From the FDA

Eye-Tracking Test Approved to Help Diagnose Concussion

FDA Approves Bacteriophage Trial

Measuring Breast Milk Nutrients to Support Optimal Infant Growth

Online @ jama.com



Editor's Audio Summary

Derek C. Angus, MD, summarizes and comments on this week's issue.

Visual Abstracts

"Effect of a Resuscitation Strategy Targeting Peripheral Perfusion Status vs Serum Lactate Levels on 28-Day Mortality Among Patients With Septic Shock: The ANDROMEDA-SHOCK Randomized Clinical Trial" and "Effect of a Nurse-Led Preventive Psychological Intervention on Symptoms of Posttraumatic Stress Disorder Among Critically III Patients: A Randomized Clinical Trial"

Just Published

Read the latest Viewpoints and research presented at important clinical meetings published online first at http://jamanetwork.com/ journals/jama/newonline.

Summary Video

Effect of Acetaminophen and Propofol or Dexmedetomidine on Delirium After Cardiac Surgery

Departments

627 Staff Listing

703 CME Questions

713 Classified Advertising

714 Journal Advertiser Index

715 Contact Information

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