Research

Vitamin D Supplementation and Recurrent Wheezing

2086

Black infants experience high rates of prematurity and prematurity-associated wheezing. Hibbs and colleagues randomized 300 black infants born preterm and found that sustained supplementation with vitamin D, compared with diet-limited supplementation, resulted in a reduced risk of recurrent wheezing. In an Editorial, Greer notes that vitamin D trials have had inconsistent results and suggests that long-term follow-up of these trials would be informative for the development of practice guidelines.

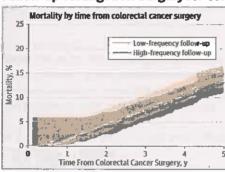
Editorial 2081

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Follow-up Testing After Surgery for Colorectal Cancer

2095

2104



Intensive follow-up of patients after curative surgery for colorectal cancer is common in clinical practice, but evidence of a survival benefit is limited. Wille-Jørgensen and colleagues for the COLOFOL Study Group randomized 2509 patients after curative surgery for stage II or III colorectal cancer and found that more frequent follow-up with computerized tomography and carcinoembryonic antigen testing did

not reduce total or cancer-specific mortality. In an Editorial, Sanoff concludes that imaging and carcinoembryonic antigen testing more than once a year does little to improve survival.

Editorial 2083 Related Article 2104

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Posttreatment Testing and Recurrence of Colorectal Cancer

After completion of definitive treatment for stage I-III colorectal cancer, surveillance is recommended for the detection of recurrent disease or a second primary cancer. In a retrospective cohort study of 8529 patients with colorectal cancer at 1175 accredited treatment facilities, Snyder and colleagues found that surveillance intensity was not associated with detection of recurrence.

Editorial 2083 Related Article 2095

Humanities



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Editor in Chief Howard Bauchner, MD 0F CONTINUOUS PUBLICATION

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Research (continued)

Surgical Occlusion of the Left Atrial Appendage

Risk of stroke Follow-up Time,

Risk factors for stroke include atrial fibrillation and thrombi in the left atrial appendage. Yao and colleagues conducted a retrospective cohort study of 75 782 cardiac surgery patients and found that surgical occlusion of the left atrial appendage was associated with a lower risk of subsequent stroke and all-cause mortality.

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JAMA Patient Page 2146 Small Bowel Obstruction

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Indications for Percutaneous Coronary Intervention

Recent advances in percutaneous coronary intervention have improved the utility of this common procedure. In this JAMA Insights article, Bhatt discusses evidence-based therapies for patients with coronary artery stenosis.

A Young Woman With Cough and Lithoptysis

2129

This JAMA Clinical Challenge by de Lima and colleagues presents a 28-year-old woman with dyspnea, cough, and expectoration of calcific material. What would you do next?





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Editor's Audio Summary

Howard Bauchner, MD, summarizes and comments on this week's issue.

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Opioid Use and Addiction

A collection of JAMA Network articles about opioids is available at sites.jamanetwork.com/opioids/.

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